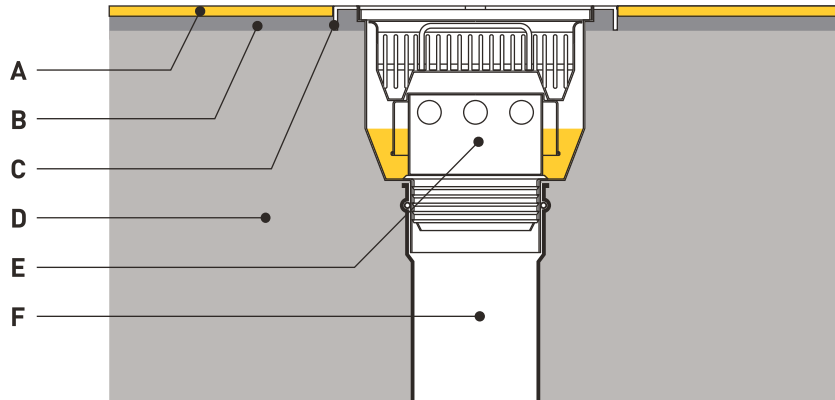
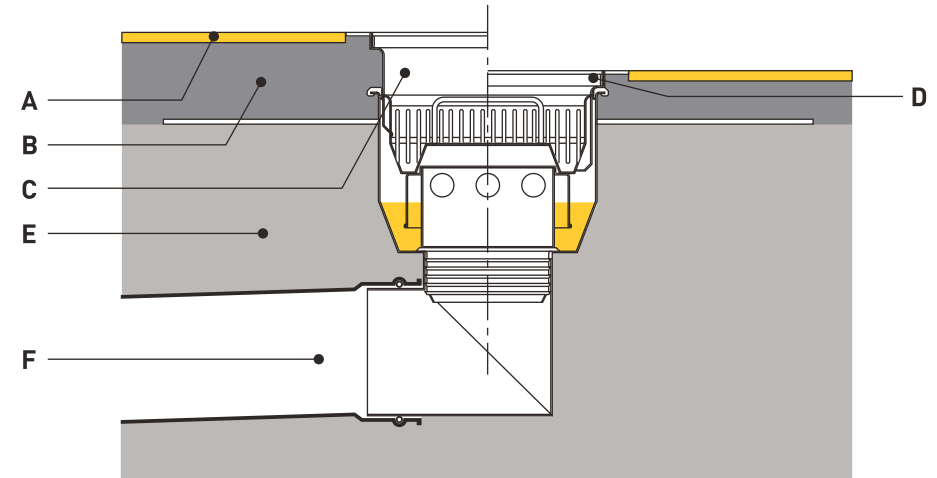




- A** Tiles / Epoxy Floor
- B** Screed
- C** Tiling Key
- D** Concrete
- E** Floor Drain
- F** PVC/Cast Iron Outlet Pipe



- A** Tiles / Epoxy Floor
- B** Screed
- C** Adjustable Drain Fully Extended
- D** Adjustable Drain Fully Retracted
- E** Concrete
- F** PVC/Cast Iron Outlet Pipe

FLOOR DRAIN INSTALLATION GUIDE

1. Position the Outlet Pipe

Locate and secure the PVC or Cast Iron Outlet Pipe (F) in the designated drainage area. Ensure the pipe is properly aligned with your plumbing system before proceeding.

2. Set the Drain Body

Connect the Floor Drain (E) to the outlet pipe. For adjustable models, ensure the base is seated correctly so that the top section can be adjusted later.

3. Pour the Concrete Base

Pour the structural concrete (D on standard models, E on adjustable models) around the outlet pipe and the lower section of the drain body. Ensure the drain remains perfectly level and securely anchored as the concrete cures. Leave adequate depth for the screed and final floor finish.

4. Apply and Slope the Screed

Lay the screed (B) over the cured concrete base. It is critical to pitch (slope) the screed toward the drain body to ensure optimal water runoff and prevent pooling on the final floor.

5. Adjust the Drain Height (Adjustable Models Only)

If you are installing an adjustable Herbish drain, modify the top section to the required height. It can be fully extended (C) or fully retracted (D) to sit perfectly flush with the anticipated thickness of your final flooring.

6. Install Final Flooring and Tiling Key

Apply your final Tiles or Epoxy Floor (A) over the screed.

For Standard Drains: Utilize the Tiling Key (C) to ensure a clean, flush, and watertight transition between the floor finish and the edge of the drain grate.

For Adjustable Drains: Ensure the tiles or epoxy finish tightly against the adjusted drain rim.